

Stuff We Take Care of, How We Store it, and Why it's Hard to Plan for Everything

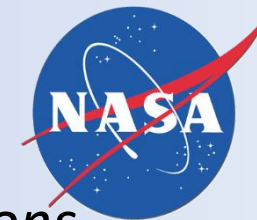
Ryan Zeigler

Apollo Sample Curator

NASA's Astromaterials Acquisition and Curation Office
Astromaterials Research & Exploration Science Division

NASA – Johnson Space Center

JSC's Astromaterials Acquisition & Curation Office



Our Past 50 years – planning for and curating multiple collections

Lunar

(1969)

Apollo program
lunar rocks and
soils; Luna
samples



Meteorite

(1977)

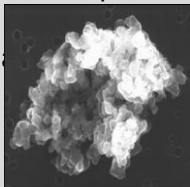
Antarctic Search
for Meteorites
(ANSMET)
program



Cosmic Dust

(1981)

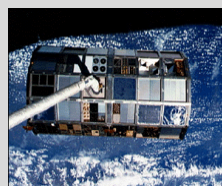
Cosmic dust
grains from
Earth's
stratosphere



Microparticle Impact Col.

(1985)

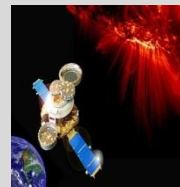
Space exposed
hardware from
spacecraft



Genesis

(2004)

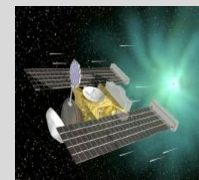
Genesis solar
wind samples at
Earth-Sun L1
point



Stardust

(2006)

Cometary and
interstellar
samples from
Comet Wild 2



Hayabusa

(2012)

Samples
collected from
JAXA asteroid
mission to
Itokawa



Our Near Future . . .

Hayabusa II

(2020)

Subset of samples
collected from
JAXA asteroid
mission to
(162173) 1999



OSIRIS-REx

(2023)

Asteroid sample
return from
101955 Bennu



Our More Distant Future . . .

Moon

(2020s)

Non-volatile-
rich
farside/polar
sample return

Next New
Frontiers Call

Comet

(2020s)

Cold curated (?)
surface sample
return from a
comet

Next New
Frontiers Call

Phobos

(2020s)

10% of a JAXA
mission to bring
back Phobos
material

JAXA sample
return mission

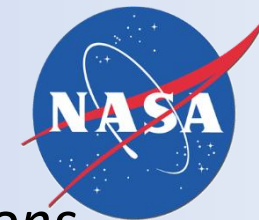
Mars

(~2030+)

Various Mars
Sample Return

Over 50 years in
the planning
(est. 1964)

JSC's Astromaterials Acquisition & Curation Office



Our Past 50 years – planning for and curating multiple collections

Lunar

(1969)

Apollo program
lunar rocks and
soils; Luna
samples



Meteorite

(1977)

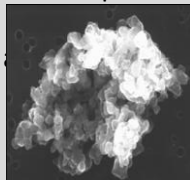
Antarctic Search
for Meteorites
(ANSMET)
program



Cosmic Dust

(1981)

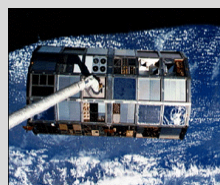
Cosmic dust
grains from
Earth's
stratosphere



Microparticle Impact Col.

(1985)

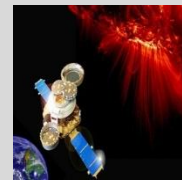
Space exposed
hardware from
spacecraft



Genesis

(2004)

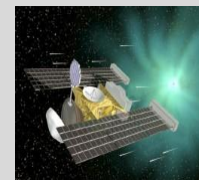
Genesis solar
wind samples at
Earth-Sun L1
point



Stardust

(2006)

Cometary and
interstellar
samples from
Comet Wild 2



Hayabusa

(2012)

Samples
collected from
JAXA asteroid
mission to
Itokawa



Our Near Future . . .

Hayabusa II

(2020)

Subset of samples
collected from
JAXA asteroid
mission to
(162173) 1999



OSIRIS-REx

(2023)

Asteroid sample
return from
101955 Bennu



Our More Distant Future . . .

Moon

(2020s)

Non-volatile-
rich
farside/polar
sample return

Next New
Frontiers Call

Comet

(2020s)

Cold curated (?)
surface sample
return from a
comet

Next New
Frontiers Call

Phobos

(2020s)

10% of a JAXA
mission to bring
back Phobos
material

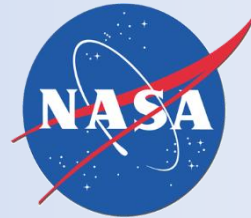
JAXA sample
return mission

Mars

(~2030+)

Various Mars
Sample Return

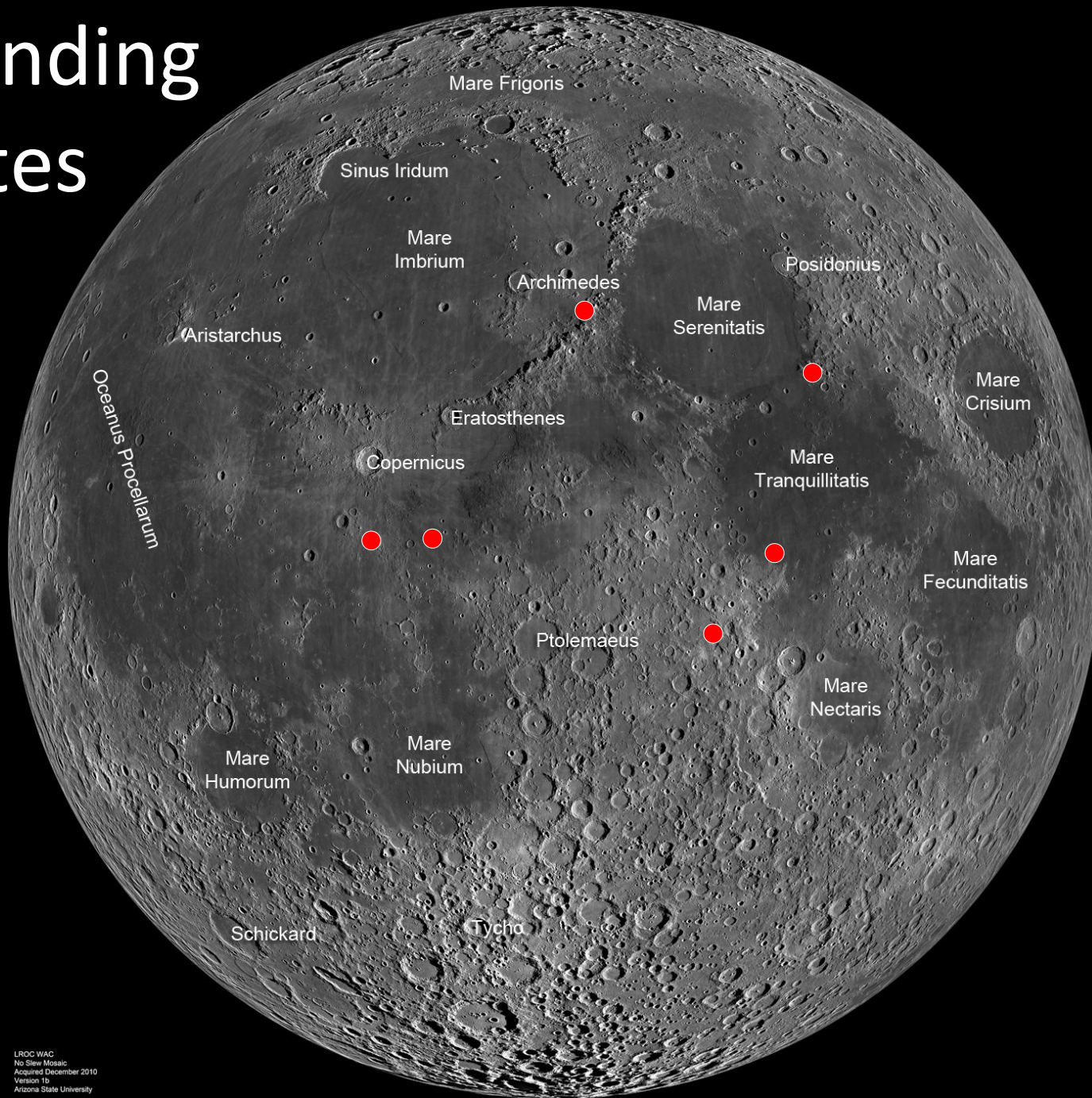
Over 50 years in
the planning
(est. 1964)



Overview

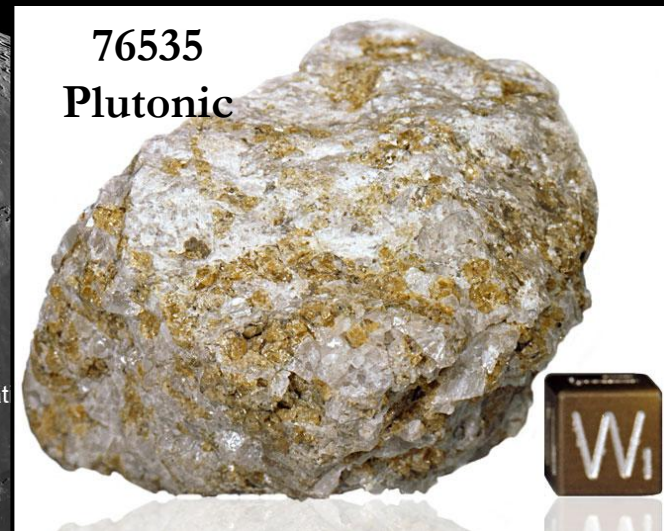
- Talk to you today about 4 main topics:
 1. Quick review of the Apollo samples – Variety of sample types.
 2. Brief Look at where the samples were originally stored – the Lunar Receiving Lab (LRL)
 3. Look at the building/laboratories that the samples are currently stored in – Lunar Curatorial Facility
 4. A discussion of the variety of research conducted on lunar samples in the past 5 years – illustrative of the challenges in designing a new facility.

Landing Sites

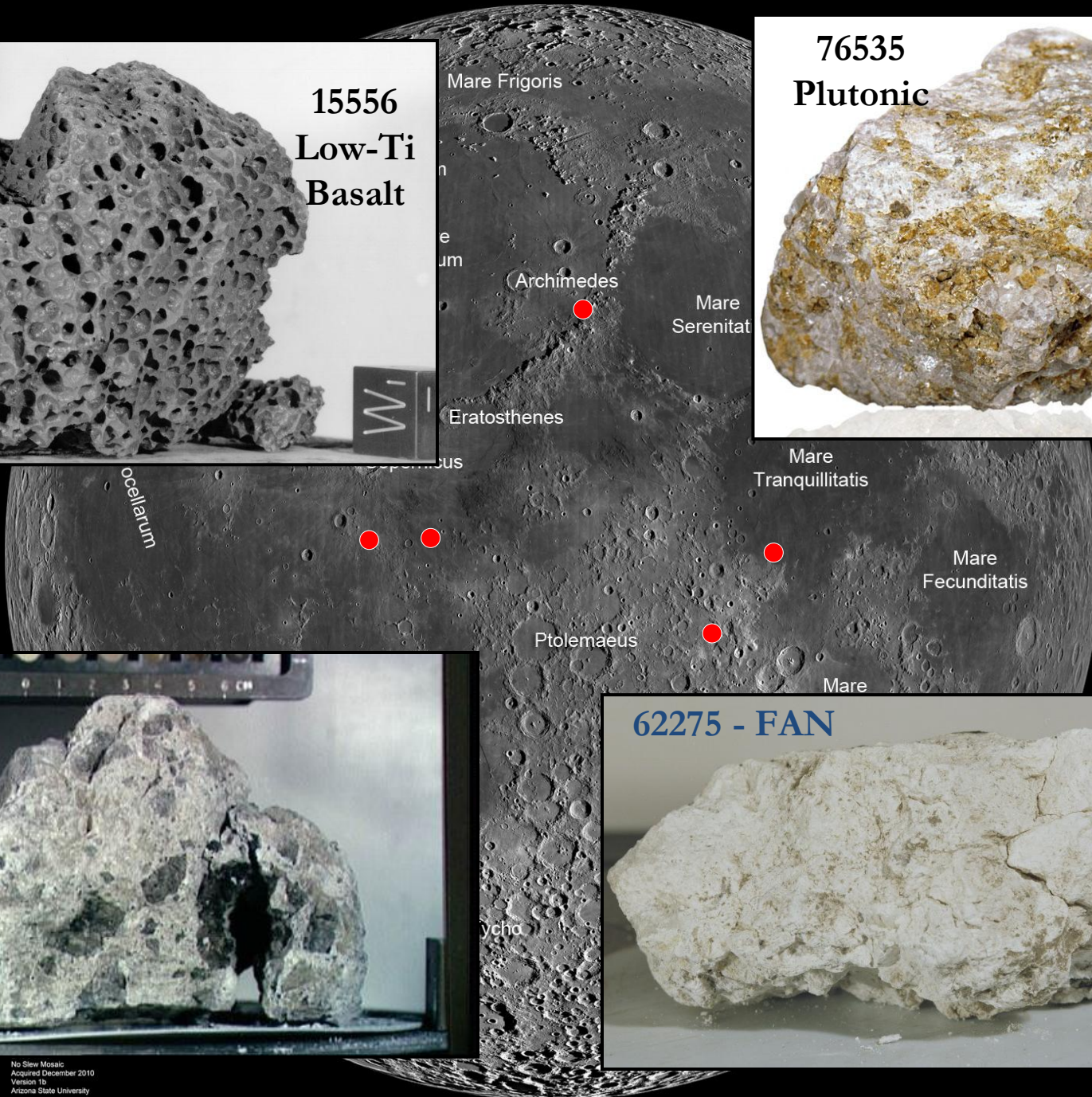




15556
Low-Ti
Basalt



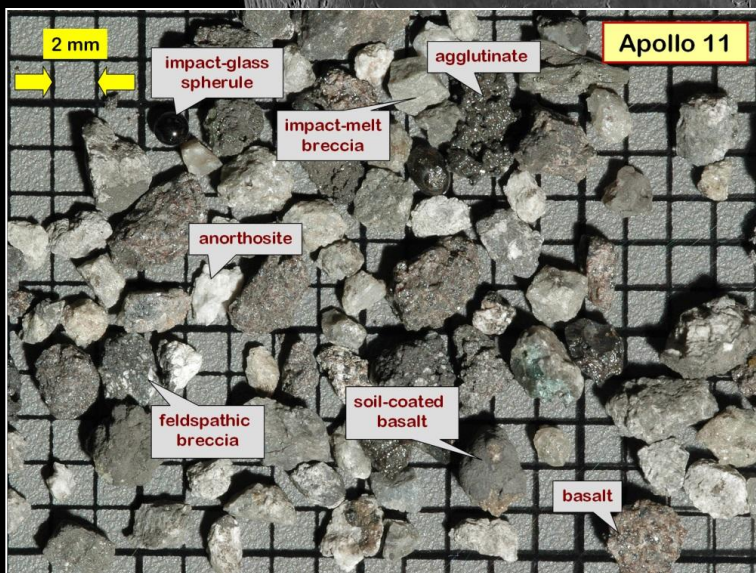
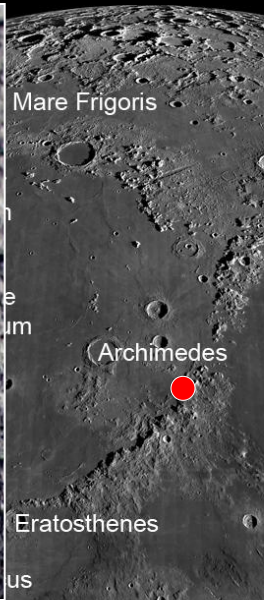
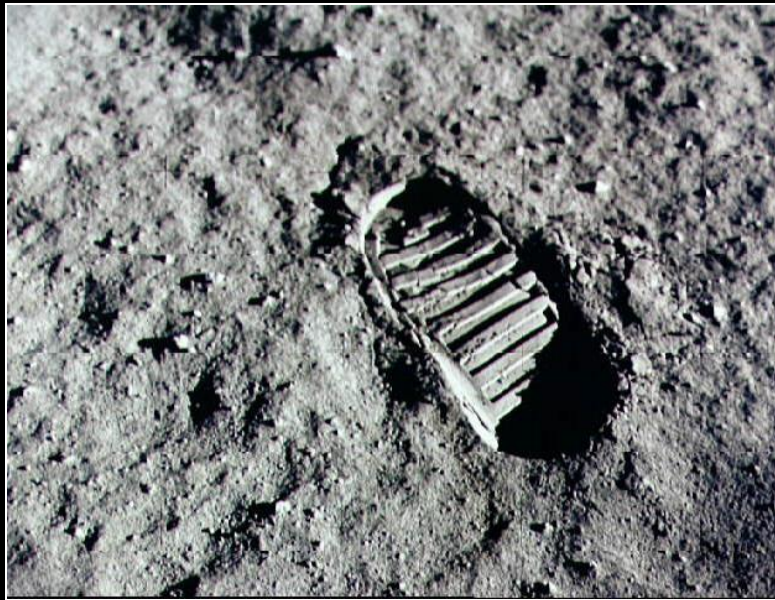
76535
Plutonic



67015



62275 - FAN





Mare Frigoris

Archimede

Eratosthenes

is

cha

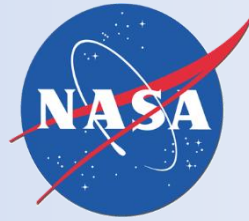


Ptole

Mare



Geologist prepares to open a core tube of soil from the Moon inside a cabinet filled with pure nitrogen.



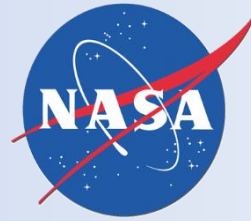
Lunar Receiving Lab (LRL) – 1969-1972

- As early as 1964, the need for a dedicated facility to house the Apollo samples was recognized (finished in 1967).



Designed
as a
Quarantine
Facility

Efforts to
work
under
vacuum



Lunar Receiving Lab (LRL) – 1969-1972

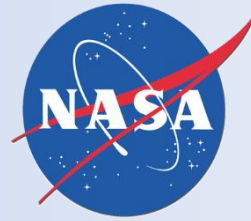
- Samples were initially described, classified, and cataloged (PET), and disseminated for additional study.



Designed
as a
Quarantine
Facility

Efforts to
work
under
vacuum

Lunar Curatorial Facility – 1979 to present



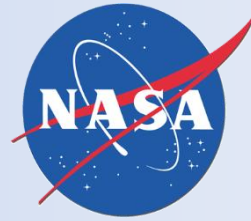
- Specifically designed to be the long term home of the Apollo samples – Focus on physical security and cleanliness



Designed
to with-
stand a
Cat 4
Hurricane

Designed
with sign.
community
input to the
plan

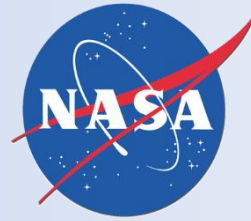
Lunar Curatorial Facility – 1979 to present



- Pristine Lab + Vault are ISO 6.
- Samples handled in stainless steel (316L) cabinets.
- Limited materials allowed within the cabinets:
 - Stainless (304L), Aluminum (6160), Teflon
- Specialty cabinets for cores and band-sawing samples.
- Atmosphere in the cabinets is dry N₂ gas.
- Separate vault and labs for return samples (ISO 7).



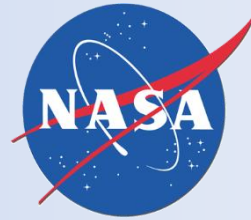
Lunar Curatorial Facility – 1979 to present



- Pristine Lab + Vault are ISO 6.
- Samples handled in stainless steel (316L) cabinets.
- Limited materials allowed within the cabinets:
 - Stainless (304L), Aluminum (6160), Teflon
- Specialty cabinets for cores and band-sawing samples.
- Atmosphere in the cabinets is dry N₂ gas.
- Separate vault and labs for return samples (ISO 7).



Lunar Curatorial Facility – 1979 to present



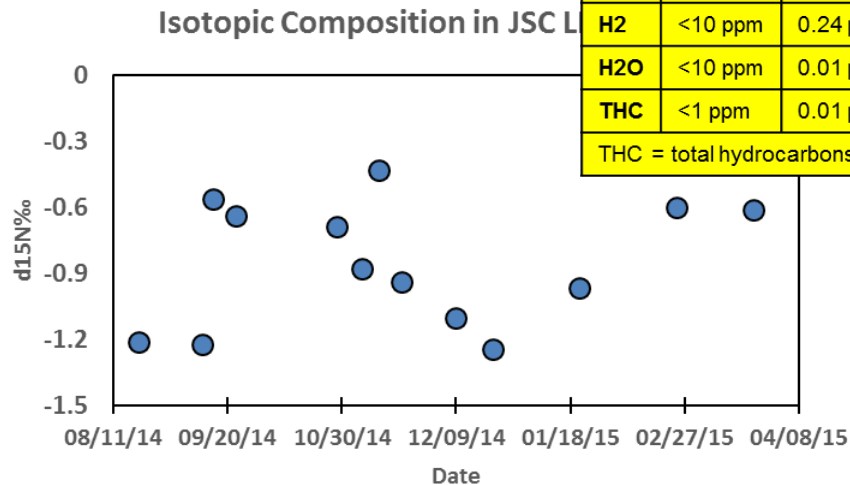
- Pristine Lab + Vault are ISO 6.
- Samples handled in stainless steel (316L) cabinets.
- Limited materials allowed within the cabinets:
 - Stainless (304L), Aluminium (6160), Teflon
- Specialty cabinets for cores and band-sawing samples.
- Atmosphere in the cabinets is dry N₂ gas.
- Separate vault and labs for return samples (ISO 7).



Monitoring Laboratory Cleanliness

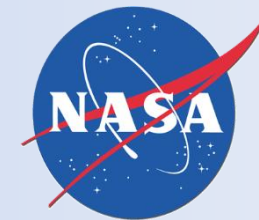


	Max	Meas.
Ar	<20 ppm	4.20 ppm
O2	<10 ppm	0.14 ppm
CO	<10 ppm	0.96 ppm
CO2	<10 ppm	0.00 ppm
H2	<10 ppm	0.24 ppm
H2O	<10 ppm	0.01 ppm
THC	<1 ppm	0.01 ppm
THC = total hydrocarbons		

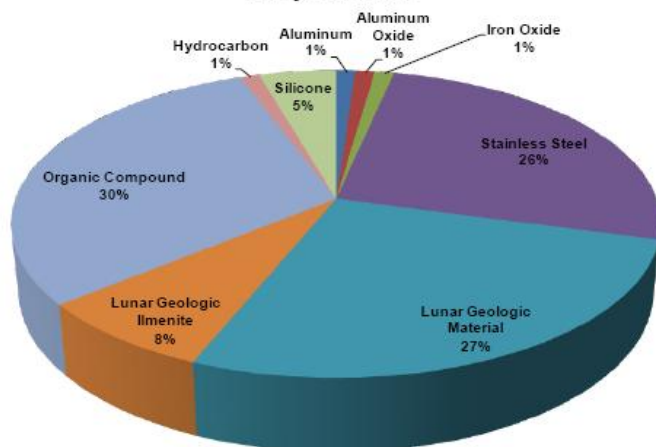


- Daily monitoring of the UPW sys.
- Weekly particle counts in labs.
- The composition of each delivery of N₂ is measured.
 - Delivery is refused if outside of spec.
- The O₂ + H₂O in the lunar cabinets is measured 4x hour
 - Cycles through all cabinets.
- The isotopic composition of the N₂ gas is measured monthly.
- Periodically we analyze the composition of particles when the cabinets are cleaned.
- Periodically we measure the total organic hydrocarbons in the labs.

Monitoring Laboratory Cleanliness



**Lunar Apollo 11 Processing Glovebox
SEM Particle Cleaning Analysis
0.8 µm Filter**

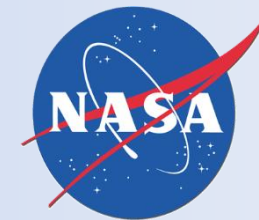


- Daily monitoring of the UPW sys.
- Weekly particle counts in labs.
- The composition of each delivery of N₂ is measured.
 - Delivery is refused if outside of spec.
- The O₂ + H₂O in the lunar cabinets is measured 4x hour
 - Cycles through all cabinets.
- The isotopic composition of the N₂ gas is measured monthly.
- Periodically we analyze the composition of particles when the cabinets are cleaned.
- Periodically we measure the total organic hydrocarbons in the labs.

Lunar Glovebox SEM Particle Cleaning Analysis - Fine Filter

Possible Identified Material Groups	Particle Count	Particle %	Size Range (µm)	Average Size (µm)
Aluminum	1	1.12%	25	25
Aluminum Oxide	1	1.12%	12	12
Iron Oxide	1	1.12%	5	5
Stainless Steel	23	25.84%	2 to 10	5
Lunar Geologic Material	24	26.97%	2 to 15	6
Lunar Geologic Ilmenite	7	7.87%	3 to 8	8
Organic Compound	27	30.34%	2 to 100	16
Hydrocarbon	1	1.12%	10	10
Silicone	4	4.49%	4 to 8	6

Monitoring Laboratory Cleanliness

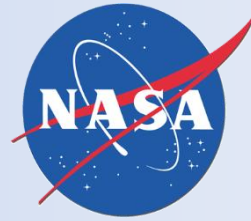


Lunar Curation Glovebox

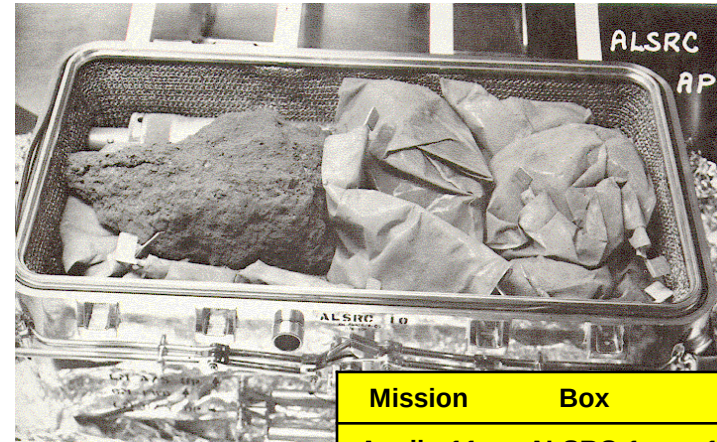
Hydrocarbons	Control Wafer (ng/cm ²)	Vertical Exposure (ng/cm ²)	Surface Exposure (ng/cm ²)
Low boilers C7-C10	*	*	0.2
Medium boilers >C10-C20	*	1.8	2.5
High boilers >C20	*	0.1	0.2
Sum >= C7	*	1.9	2.9
Identified Compounds			
Diethylformamide	*	*	*
Diethylacetamide	*	*	*
Alkyl amine	*	*	*
2-Butoxyethyl acetate	*	*	*
Octafluoropentanal(m/z:51,69,100,131,151,181,200,231,281)	*	*	*
2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 3,5,5-trimethyl-	*	0.3	0.3
Dibutylformamide	*	0.2	0.2
Cyclo(Me2SiO)6	*	0.2	0.2
2,6-di-tert-Butylquinone	*	*	*
Cyclo(Me2SiO)7	*	*	*
Cyclo(Me2SiO)8	*	*	0.1
Cyclo(Me2SiO)9	*	0.2	0.3
Dibutyl phthalate	*	*	0.1
Cyclo(Me2SiO)10	*	0.1	0.2
Siloxane	*	0.1	0.1
* Recording Limit = < 0.1 ng/cm ²			

- Daily monitoring of the UPW sys.
- Weekly particle counts in labs.
- The composition of each delivery of N₂ is measured.
 - Delivery is refused if outside of spec.
- The O₂ + H₂O in the lunar cabinets is measured 4x hour
 - Cycles through all cabinets.
- The isotopic composition of the N₂ gas is measured monthly.
- Periodically we analyze the composition of particles when the cabinets are cleaned.
- Periodically we measure the total organic hydrocarbons in the labs.

Apollo Sample Level of Pristinity

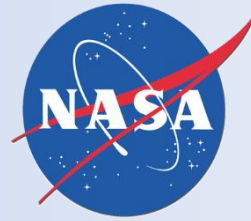


- What levels of alteration have occurred over the past 40+ years.
 - The rock boxes didn't all leak
- Numerous studies of indigenous water in lunar samples; isotopic evidence it is not contamination.
- TEM studies of small lunar particles show Fe^0 metal within nanometers of the surface.
 - There is evidence for Fe^{3+} in the outermost angstroms of soil grains
- Recent studies of organics in Apollo samples show evidence for prebiotic molecules in lunar soils

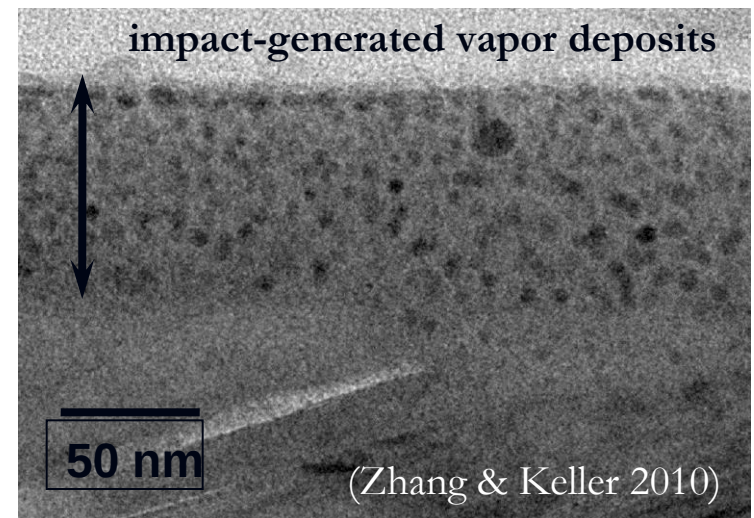
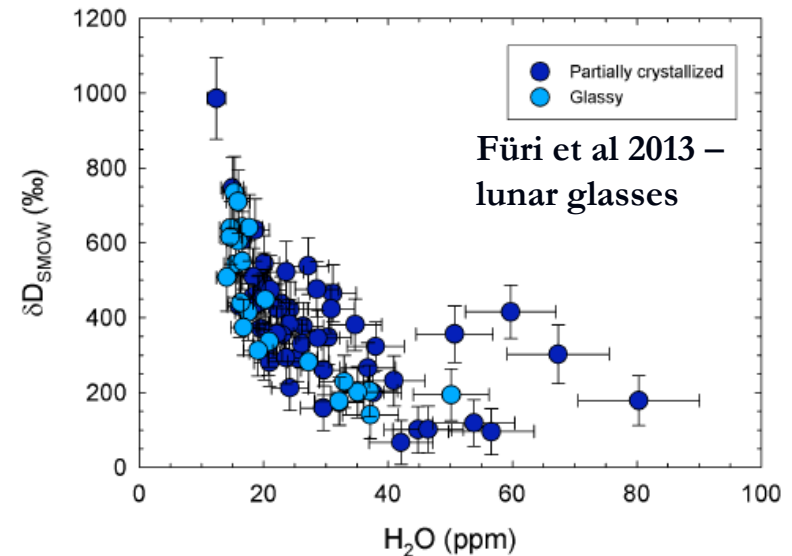


Mission	Box	Pressure
Apollo 11	ALSRC 1	170 microns
Apollo 11	ALSRC 2	170 microns
Apollo 12	ALSRC S	40-60 microns
Apollo 12	ALSRC D	1/2 atm
Apollo 14	ALSRC 6	60 microns
Apollo 14	ALSRC 7	1 atm
Apollo 15	ALSRC 1	35 microns
Apollo 15	ALSRC 2	1 atm
Apollo 16	ALSRC 1	1 atm
Apollo 16	ALSRC 2	83 microns
Apollo 17	ALSRC 1	175 microns
Apollo 17	ALSRC 2	28 microns

Apollo Sample Level of Pristinity



- What levels of alteration have occurred over the past 40+ years.
 - The rock boxes didn't all leak
- Numerous studies of indigenous water in lunar samples; isotopic evidence it is not contamination.
- TEM studies of small lunar particles show Fe^0 metal within nanometers of the surface.
 - There is evidence for Fe^{3+} in the outermost angstroms of soil grains
- Recent studies of organics in Apollo samples show evidence for prebiotic molecules in lunar soils



Apollo Sample Level of Pristinity



- What levels of alteration have occurred over the past 40+ years.
 - The rock boxes didn't all leak
- Numerous studies of indigenous water in lunar samples; isotopic evidence it is not contamination.
- TEM studies of small lunar particles show Fe^0 metal within nanometers of the surface.
 - There is evidence for Fe^{3+} in the outermost angstroms of soil grains
- Recent studies of organics in Apollo samples show evidence for prebiotic molecules in lunar soils

Table 1. Lunar samples investigated in this study

Sample	Is/FeO ratio [6] (maturity)	Masses analyzed (g)
73131	16, immature	0.33 ^c
73241	18, immature	0.27 ^c
78501	36, submature	0.46
70011 ^a	54, submature	0.27 ^c , 0.49 ^d , 9.28
72501 ^b	81, mature	0.29 ^c , 9.84
78421	92, mature	0.25 ^c
69961	92, mature	11.82

^aCollected beneath lunar module (LM) as exhaust-exposed sample; ^bCollected 6.5 km from LM as exhaust control; ^cBoth hydrolyzed and unhydrolyzed extracts analyzed; ^dSubsection of larger sample analyzed separately

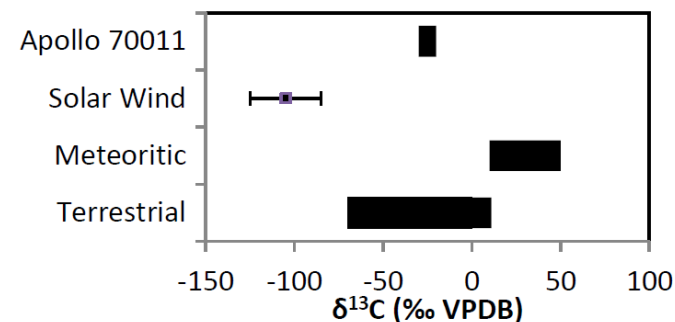
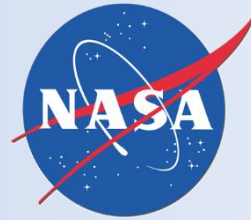
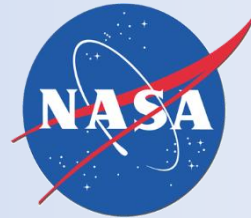


Figure 1. Range of carbon isotopic ratios measured for Apollo 70011 amino acids compared with solar wind, carbonaceous chondrites, and terrestrial biological sources.



Hard to plan for everything

- An incredible amount of foresight and planning went into each of the Apollo Sample Storage Facilities
 - Included panels of “outside” experts
- Ultimately, very difficult to plan for the unknown:
 - I suspect if you’d have told the committee in 1978 that Zn, Se isotopes (as an example) were going to be studied, they’d have been skeptical
 - Similar if the 1964 group needed to worry about ppt/b levels of organic contamination



Hard to plan for everything

- In the past 4 years, I've had requests to do the following:
 - Stable isotope studies – H, He, Li, C, N, O, Ne, Mg, Si, Cl, Ar, Ca, Ti, V, Fe, Ni, Cu, Zn, Se, Kr, Rb, Sr, Mo, Ru, Cd, In, Sn, Xe, Ba, Hf, W, Os (32)
 - Radiogenic isotope studies – K-Ca, K-Ar, Ar-Ar, Rb-Sr, Cs-Ba, Sm-Nd, Sm-Nd, Lu-Hf, Hf-W, Re-Os, Pb-Pb, Th-Pb, U-Pb, U-Th/He, U-Th disequil (15).
 - Organics – Amino Acids, Soluble organics, perchlorates, life toxicity (ppt)
 - Highly and Moderately Siderophile Elements – low ppb levels
 - Volatile elements – ppm level measurements of H, OH, H₂O, F, Cl, Br
 - Physical characteristics – Density, porosity, size distribution, particle shapes, magnetism, superconductivity
 - Cosmic studies – GCR flux variability, solar wind interactions, space weathering, D-production rates, life detection around extrasolar planets
 - Analog – Requested as an analog for Mercury, NEOs, Phobos; also as ground truth for orbital measurements
 - Outreach and Goodwill samples – Significant mass and numbers